

The following table indicates the disposition of 11,717 trainees who had completed or discontinued training at the end of 1945.

6.—Disposition of Completed and Discontinued Cases of Vocational Trainees as at Dec. 31, 1945

Item	No.	Item	No.
Completed—		Discontinued—	
Employed as trained.....	5,280	Training unsuitable.....	761
Employed otherwise.....	927	Other reasons.....	2,981
Transferred to university.....	1,117		
Re-enlisted.....	262	Total, Discontinued.....	3,742
Not employed.....	389		
Total, Completed.....	7,975	Grand Total.....	11,717

University Training Program.—The Veterans' Rehabilitation Act provides that if a veteran, man or woman, qualifies for and commences a regular university course within 15 months after discharge, tuition and other fees will be paid on his behalf and he may receive a training allowance of \$60 per month with extra allowances for dependents.

The allowances are paid only while the student is actually at the college and are continued, if needed, for as many months as his active service, provided that he passes all examinations *en route*. If he fails in a year's work no further assistance is available for university studies. On the other hand, if he is of scholarship calibre allowances may be continued on a year-to-year basis beyond his period of entitlement and an outstanding or exceptionally able student may be assisted in post-graduate study when such is in the public interest.

A high proportion of the young men and women of Canada are taking advantage of this opportunity to fit themselves for positions of leadership with the result that Canada has embarked upon a large-scale experiment in adult education. By September, 1946, it is expected that at least 35,000 veterans will be enrolled in Canadian universities. This is equal to the total full-time enrolment of university students in Canada immediately preceding the War of 1939-45. The fact that 25 p.c. of the veterans are married has added to the complex problems of Canadian universities.

On the recommendation of the Advisory Committee on University Training for Veterans, established by P.C. 3206, May 3, 1945, legislation was introduced to financially assist Canadian universities in their efforts to provide adequate facilities for qualified veterans. In addition to the regular tuition and other fees, the Department of Veterans Affairs was authorized to pay an additional grant to a university, not to exceed \$150 per veteran, for the period July 1, 1945, to June 30, 1946, for the purpose of assisting in defraying the instructional, counselling and administrative costs incurred by the university. This timely action made it possible for Canadian universities to admit 20,000 veterans by Feb. 1, 1946.

At least 40 p.c. of the veterans either lack certain university entrance requirements or need refresher courses before entering university. Through the facilities of Canadian Vocational Training, the Provincial Departments of Education have organized tutorial classes and facilities for more than 10,000 veterans.